

# GCSE Biology required practical activity: Field investigations

## Risk Assessment

- Wash hands after handling seeds.

## Method

### **You are provided with the following:**

- a 0.5 m<sup>2</sup> quadrat
- a 30 m tape measure
- a clipboard
- a pen
- paper.

### **Read these instructions carefully before you start work:**

1. Put the 30 m tape measure across a trampled area of the school field to form a transect line.
2. Put the 1 m<sup>2</sup> quadrat against the transect line. One corner of the quadrat should touch the 0 m mark on the tape measure.
3. Count the number of daisy plants within the quadrat.
4. Record the number of daisies counted within the quadrat in a table such as the one here.

Distance along the transect line in m	Number of daisy plants per 1 m <sup>2</sup> quadrat	
	Trampled	Un-trampled
0		
5		
10		
15		
20		
25		
30		
Mean number of daisy plants per m <sup>2</sup>		

5. Move the quadrat 5 m up the transect line and count the number of daisy plants again. Record in the table.
6. Continue to place the quadrat at 5 m intervals and count the number of daisy plants in each quadrat.
7. Calculate the mean number of daisy plants per m<sup>2</sup> for the trampled area.
8. Move the 30 m tape measure to an un-trampled area of the school field to form the new transect line.
9. Repeat steps **2–7** for the un-trampled transect line.
10. Compare the population size of daisies in the trampled and un-trampled areas of the field.